



Spec No. :DS20-2013-0114 Effective Date: 01/11/2022

Revision: A

LITE-ON DCC

RELEASE

BNS-OD-FC001/A4



Through Hole Lamp

LTL2R3TBM3K

Rev	<u>Description</u>	<u>By</u>	<u>Date</u>				
P001	Preliminary SPEC (RDR-20120565-01)	PITAK	05/30/2013				
-001	Update Vf spec.	Norah	08/19/2015				
-002	Update Wp & Vf spec.	Norah	05/28/2021				
-003	Update le & Vf bin table as customer request and λP	Norah	06/01/2021				
	Above data for PD and Customer tracking only						
-	NPPR Received and Upload to system	Pitak M	06/06/2013				
Α	Update bin table as customer request and λP	Norah	12/22/2021				

Part No. : LTL2R3TBM3K BNS-OD-FC002/A4



1. Description

Through hole white LEDs are offered in a variety of packages such as 3mm, 4mm, 5mm, rectangular and cylinder which are suitable for all applications requiring status indication. Several intensity and viewing angle choices are available in each package for design flexibility.

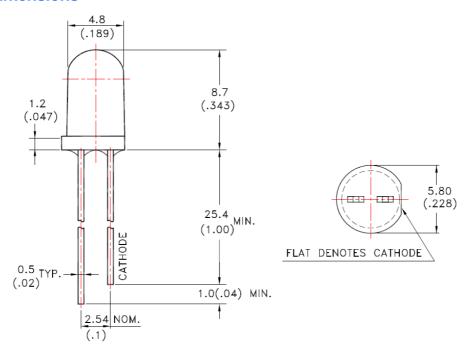
1.1. Features

- Lead (Pb) free product RoHS compliant
- Low power consumption & High efficiency.
- Versatile mounting on p.c. board or panel.
- I.C. compatible/low current requirement.
- Popular T-13/4 diameter InGaN Blue & Water Clear lens

1.2. Applications

- Computer
- Communication
- Consumer
- Home appliance
- Industrial

2. Outline Dimensions



Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is ±0.25mm (.010") unless otherwise noted.
- 3. Protruded resin under flange is 1.0mm (.04") max.
- 4. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
- 5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



3. Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C

Parameter	Maximum Rating	Unit		
Power Dissipation	90	mW		
Peak Forward Current				
(Duty Cycle≦1/10, Pulse Width≦10ms)	100	mA		
DC Forward Current	30	mA		
Derating Linear From 40°C	0.5	mA/°C		
Operating Temperature Range	-40℃ to + 85℃	-40℃ to + 85℃		
Storage Temperature Range	-40℃ to + 100℃	-40℃ to + 100℃		
Lead Soldering Temperature				
[2.0mm (.079") From Body]	260℃ for 5 Seconds	260℃ for 5 Seconds Max.		

4. Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Radiant Intensity	le	8.4	-	17.6	mW/sr	IF = 5mA Note 1,3,4
Viewing Angle	201/2	-	30	-	deg	Note 2 (Fig.6)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λР	464	-	472	nm	IF = 5mA Measurement @Peak (Fig.1)
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ	-	25	-	nm	
Forward Voltage	VF	2.6	-	3.0	V	IF = 5mA
Reverse Current	IR	-	-	10	μA	VR = 5V

NOTE:

- 1. Radiant intensity is measured with a light sensor.
- $2. \theta 1/2$ is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
- 3. le classification code is marked on each packing bag.
- 4. The le guarantee must be included with ±15% testing tolerance.
- 5. Reverse voltage (VR) condition is applied for IR test only. The device is not designed for reverse operation.



5. Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

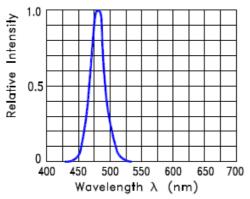
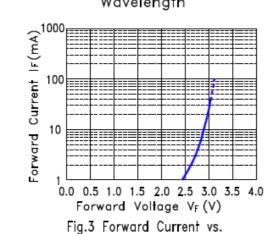


Fig.1 Relative Intensity VS. Wavelength



Forward Voltage

Relative Luminous Intensity 1.8 1.6 1.4 Normalized at 1.2 1.0 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.2 0 20 40 60 Ambient Temperature TA(*C)

Fig.5 Relative Luminous Intensity VS. Ambient Temperature

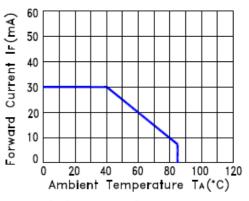


Fig.2 Forward Current Derating Curve

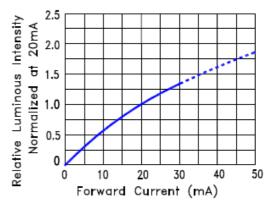


Fig.4 Relative Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current

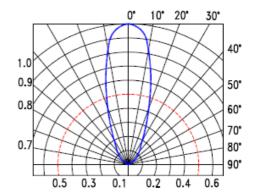
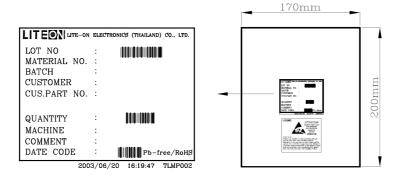


Fig.6 Spatial Distribution

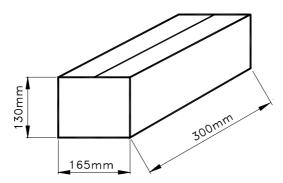


6. Packing Spec.

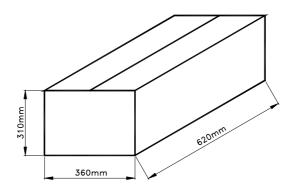
500, 200 or 100 pcs per packing bag



10 packing bags per inner carton Total 5,000 pcs per inner carton



8 Inner cartons per outer carton
Total 40,000 pcs per outer carton
In every shipping lot, only the last pack will be non-full packing





7. Bin Table Specification

Radiant Intensity le (mW/sr) IF@5mA				
Bin Code	Min.	Max.		
А	8.4	10.2		
В	10.2	12.2		
С	12.2	14.7		
D	14.7	17.6		

Note: Tolerance of each bin limit is ±15%

Forward Voltage Vf(V) IF@5mA				
Bin Code	Min	Max		
1	2.60	2.80		
2	2.80	3.00		

Note: Tolerance of each bin limit is ±0.1V



8. CAUTIONS

8.1. Application

This LED lamp is good for application of indoor and outdoor sign, also ordinary electronic equipment.

8.2. Storage

The storage ambient for the LEDs should not exceed 30°C temperature or 70% relative humidity. It is recommended that LEDs out of their original packaging are used within three months. For extended storage out of their original packaging, it is recommended that the LEDs be stored in a sealed container with appropriate desiccant or in desiccators with nitrogen ambient.

8.3. Cleaning

Use alcohol-based cleaning solvents such as isopropyl alcohol to clean the LEDs if necessary.

8.4. Lead Forming & Assembly

During lead forming, the leads should be bent at a point at least 3mm from the base of LED lens. Do not use the base of the lead frame as a fulcrum during forming. Lead forming must be done before soldering, at normal temperature. During assembly on PCB, use minimum clinch force possible to avoid excessive mechanical stress.

8.5. Soldering

When soldering, leave a minimum of 2mm clearance from the base of the lens to the soldering point. Dipping the lens into the solder must be avoided. Do not apply any external stress to the lead frame during soldering while the LED is at high temperature.

Recommended soldering conditions:

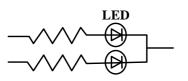
	Soldering iron	1	Wave soldering		
Temperature Soldering time Position	350℃ Max. 3 seconds Max. (one time only) No closer than 2mm from the base of the epoxy bulb	Pre-heat Pre-heat time Solder wave Soldering time Dipping Position	100°C Max. 60 seconds Max. 260°C Max. 5 seconds Max. No lower than 2mm from the base of the epoxy bulb		

Note: Excessive soldering temperature and/or time might result in deformation of the LED lens or catastrophic failure of the LED. IR reflow is not suitable process for through hole type LED lamp product.

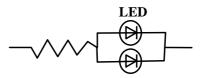
8.6. Drive Method

An LED is a current-operated device. In order to ensure intensity uniformity on multiple LEDs connected in parallel in an application, it is recommended that a current limiting resistor be incorporated in the drive circuit, in series with each LED as shown in Circuit A below.

Circuit model (A)



Circuit model (B)



- (A) Recommended circuit
- (B) The brightness of each LED might appear different due to the differences in the I-V characteristics of those LEDs.

Part No.: LTL2R3TBM3K BNS-OD-FC002/A4



8.7. ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED.

Suggestions to prevent ESD damage:

- Use a conductive wrist band or anti- electrostatic glove when handling these LEDs
- All devices, equipment, and machinery must be properly grounded
- Work tables, storage racks, etc. should be properly grounded
- Use ion blower to neutralize the static charge which might have built up on surface of the LEDs plastic lens as a result of friction between LEDs during storage and handing

Suggested checking list:

Training and Certification

- 8.7.1.1. Everyone working in a static-safe area is ESD-certified?
- 8.7.1.2. Training records kept and re-certification dates monitored?

Static-Safe Workstation & Work Areas

- 8.7.2.1. Static-safe workstation or work-areas have ESD signs?
- 8.7.2.2. All surfaces and objects at all static-safe workstation and within 1 ft measure less than 100V?
- 8.7.2.3. All ionizer activated, positioned towards the units?
- 8.7.2.4. Each work surface mats grounding is good?

Personnel Grounding

- 8.7.3.1. Every person (including visitors) handling ESD sensitive (ESDS) items wear wrist strap, heel strap or conductive shoes with conductive flooring?
- 8.7.3.1. If conductive footwear used, conductive flooring also present where operator stand or walk?
- 8.7.3.2. Garments, hairs or anything closer than 1 ft to ESD items measure less than 100V*?
- 8.7.3.3. Every wrist strap or heel strap/conductive shoes checked daily and result recorded for all DLs?
- 8.7.3.4. All wrist strap or heel strap checkers calibration up to date? Note: *50V for Blue LED.

Device Handling

- 8.7.4.1. Every ESDS items identified by EIA-471 labels on item or packaging?
- 8.7.4.2. All ESDS items completely inside properly closed static-shielding containers when not at static-safe workstation?
- 8.7.4.3. No static charge generators (e.g. plastics) inside shielding containers with ESDS items?
- 8.7.4.4. All flexible conductive and dissipative package materials inspected before reuse or recycle?

Others

- 8.7.5.1. Audit result reported to entity ESD control coordinator?
- 8.7.5.2. Corrective action from previous audits completed?
- 8.7.5.3. Are audit records complete and on file?

Part No. : LTL2R3TBM3K BNS-OD-FC002/A4



9. Reliability Test

Classification	Test Item	Test Condition	Sample Size	Reference Standard
	Operation Life	Ta = Under Room Temperature IF = Per Datasheet Maximum Rating Test Time= 1000hrs	22 PCS (CL=90%; LTPD=10%)	MIL-STD-750D:1026 (1995) MIL-STD-883G:1005 (2006)
Endurance	High Temperature High Humidity storage	Ta = 60℃ RH = 90% Test Time= 240hrs	22 PCS (CL=90%; LTPD=10%)	MIL-STD-202G:103B (2002) JEITA ED-4701:100 103 (2001)
Test	High Temperature Storage	Ta= 105 ± 5℃ Test Time= 1000hrs	22 PCS (CL=90%; LTPD=10%)	MIL-STD-750D:1031 (1995) MIL-STD-883G:1008 (2006) JEITA ED-4701:200 201 (2001)
	Low Temperature Storage	Ta= -55 ± 5℃ Test Time= 1000hrs	22 PCS (CL=90%; LTPD=10%)	JEITA ED-4701:200 202 (2001)
	Temperature Cycling	$100^\circ \text{C} \sim 25^\circ \text{C} \sim -40^\circ \text{C} \sim 25^\circ \text{C}$ 30mins 5mins 30 mins 5mins 30 Cycles	22 PCS (CL=90%; LTPD=10%)	MIL-STD-750D:1051 (1995) MIL-STD-883G:1010 (2006) JEITA ED-4701:100 105 (2001) JESD22-A104C (2005)
	Thermal Shock	100 ± 5 °C ~ -30 °C ± 5 °C 15mins 15mins 30 Cycles	22 PCS (CL=90%; LTPD=10%)	MIL-STD-750D:1056 (1995) MIL-STD-883G:1011 (2006) MIL-STD-202G:107G (2002) JESD22-A106B (2004)
Environmental Test	Solder Resistance	T.sol = 260 ± 5℃ Dwell Time= 10±1 seconds 3mm from the base of the epoxy bulb	11 PCS (CL=90%; LTPD=18.9%)	MIL-STD-750D:2031(1995) JEITA ED-4701: 300 302 (2001)
	Solderability	T. sol = 245 ± 5 °C Dwell Time= 5 ± 0.5 seconds (Lead Free Solder, Coverage ≥ 95 % of the dipped surface)	11 PCS (CL=90%; LTPD=18.9%)	MIL-STD-750D:2026 (1995) MIL-STD-883G:2003 (2006) MIL-STD-202G:208H (2002) IPC/EIA J-STD-002 (2004)
	Soldering Iron	T. sol = 350 ± 5 °C Dwell Time= 3.5 ± 0.5 seconds	11 PCS (CL=90%; LTPD=18.9%)	MIL-STD-202G:208H (2002) JEITA ED-4701:300 302 (2001)

10. Others

The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement, without prior notice.