



Spec No. :DS20-2023-0098 Effective Date: 08/12/2023 Revision: -

LITE-ON DCC

RELEASE

BNS-OD-FC001/A4

LITE-ON Technology Corp. / Optoelectronics No.90,Chien 1 Road, Chung Ho, New Taipei City 23585, Taiwan, R.O.C. Tel: 886-2-2222-6181 Fax: 886-2-2221-1948 / 886-2-2221-0660 http://www.liteon.com/opto



Through Hole Lamp LTLR1DEKVJNNH155T

Through Hole Lamp

LTLR1DEKVJNNH155T

<u>Rev</u>	Description	<u>By</u>	<u>Date</u>
P01	Preliminary New Specification (RDR-20221105)	Perry Wang	10/21/2022
P02	Outline Dimensions notes revise.	Perry Wang	03/08/2023
	Above data for PD and Customer tracki	ng only	
-	New Specification, Upload in OPB2 system	Chalerm Ya.	08/02/2023





Through Hole Lamp LTLR1DEKVJNNH155T

1. Description

CBI (Circuit Board Indicator) is a black plastic right angle Holder (Housing) which mates with Lite-On LED lamps. Lite-On CBI is available in a wide variety of packages, including top-view (Spacer) or right angle and horizontal or vertical arrays which is stackable and easy to assembly.

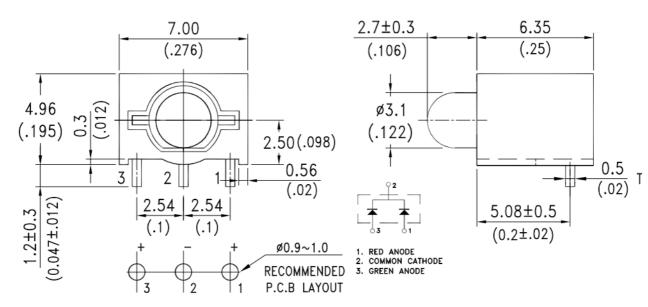
1.1. Features

- Designed for ease in circuit board assembly.
- Black case enhance contrast ratio.
- Low power consumption.
- Lead free product & RoHS Compliant.
- T-1 lamp: Source bi-colors are AlInGaP green 569nm and AlInGaP red 631nm with white diffused lens.
- It is in tape and reel packing.

1.2. Applications

- Communication.
- Computer.
- Consumer.
- Industrial.

2. Outline Dimensions



Notes :

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is ±0.25mm (.010") unless otherwise noted.
- 3. The Holder (Housing) material is plastic black.
- 4. LED lamp is yellow green/red with white diffused lens.
- 5. Specifications are subject to change without notice.



Through Hole Lamp LTLR1DEKVJNNH155T

3. Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25℃

Parameter	Green	Red	Unit		
Power Dissipation	75	75	mW		
Peak Forward Current (Duty Cycle≦1/10, Pulse Width≦10 ms)	60 90		mA		
DC Forward Current	30	30	mA		
Derating Linear From 50°C	0.4	0.4	mA/°C		
Operating Temperature Range	-40℃ to + 100℃				
Storage Temperature Range	-55℃ to + 100℃				
Lead Soldering Temperature					
[1.6mm (.062") From Body]	260°C for 5 Seconds Max.				

4. Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25℃

Parameter	Symbol	Color	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
		Red	65	110	250	mad	IF = 20mA
Radiant Intensity	lv	Green	65	110	450	mcd	Note 1,4
		Red		45		L	
Viewing Angle	201/2	Green		45		deg	Note 2 (Fig.6)
		Red		639			Measurement
Peak Emission Wavelength	λP	Green		575		nm	@Peak (Fig.1)
	λd	Red		631		nm	Note 3
Dominant Wavelength		Green		569			
		Red		20			
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ	Green		11		nm	
		Red		2.0	2.4	N	
Forward Voltage	VF	Green		2.1	2.4	V	IF = 20mA
		Red			40	10 µA	
Reverse Current	IR	Green			10		VR = 5V

NOTE:

1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.

2. θ 1/2 is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.

3. The dominant wavelength, λd is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.

4. Iv guarantee must be included with $\pm 30\%$ testing tolerance.

5. Reverse current is controlled by dice source.

6. Reverse voltage (VR) condition is applied for IR test only. The device is not designed for reverse operation.

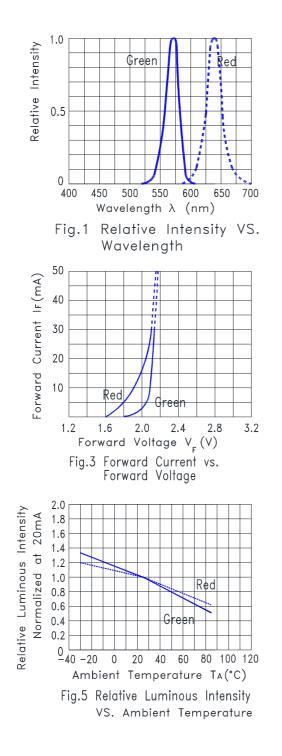




Through Hole Lamp LTLR1DEKVJNNH155T

5. Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)



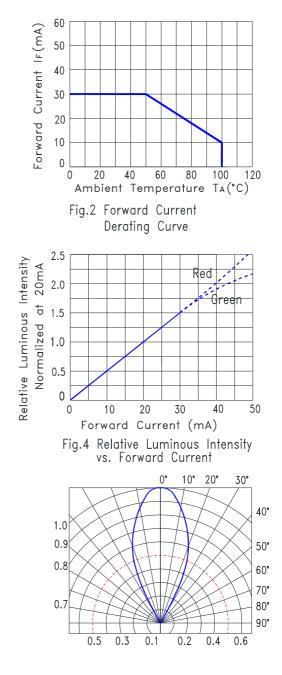


Fig.6 Spatial Distribution

4/11

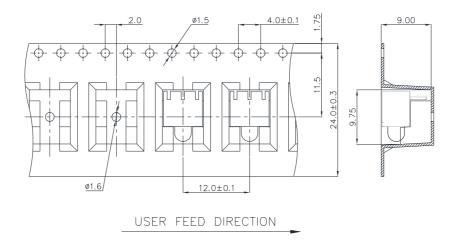
Part No. : LTLR1DEKVJNNH155T BNS-OD-FC002/A4



Through Hole Lamp LTLR1DEKVJNNH155T

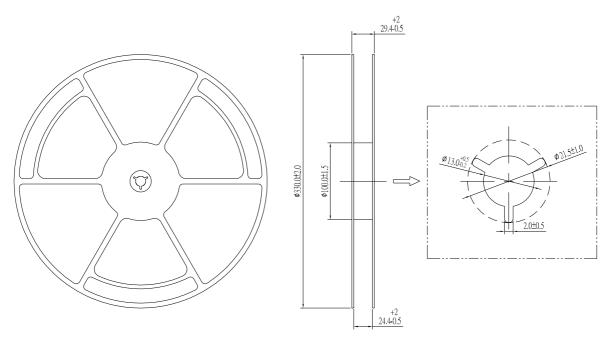
6. Packing Specification

Packing Carrier Dimensions



- 1. 10 sprocket hole pitch cumulative tolerance ± 0.20
- 2. Material : Black Conductive Polystyrene Alloy
- 3. Thickness : 0.50 ±0.06 mm
- 4. Component load per 13" reel : 450pcs

Packing Reel Dimensions





Part No. : LTLR1DEKVJNNH155T BNS-OD-FC002/A4



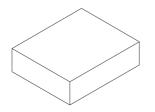
Through Hole Lamp LTLR1DEKVJNNH155T

Carton Specification

1 Reel with 1 Humidity indicator card and 1 Desiccant are packed in 1 Moisture Barrier Bag (MBB)

2 Moisture Barrier Bags packed in 1 Inner Carton

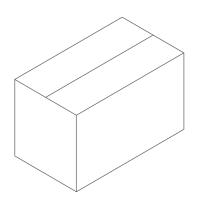
Total 900pcs (450pcs*2) per Inner Carton



INNER CARTON 361 x 358 x 75 mm

10 Inner Cartons per Outer Carton

Total 9,000pcs (900pcs*10) per Outer Carton



OUTER CARTON 740 x 390 x 395 mm





Through Hole Lamp LTLR1DEKVJNNH155T

7. Bin Table Specification

Luminous Intensity Unit : mcd @20mA						
	Red		Green			
Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Bin Code	Min.	Max.	
DE	65	140	DE	65	140	
FG	140	250	FG	140	250	
			HJ	250	450	

Note: Tolerance of each bin limit is ±15%

Dominant Wavelength (Green), Unit: nm, IF=20mA					
Hue Bin Code Min. Max.					
H06	564.0	568.0			
H07	568.0	571.0			

Note: Tolerance of each bin limit is ±1nm





Through Hole Lamp LTLR1DEKVJNNH155T

8. CAUTIONS

8.1. Application

This LED lamp is good for application of indoor and outdoor sign, also ordinary electronic equipment.

8.2. Storage

The package is sealed:

The LEDs should be stored at 30°C or less and 70%RH or less. And the LEDs are limited to use within one year, while the LEDs is packed in moisture-proof package with the desiccants inside.

The package is opened:

The storage ambient for the LEDs should not exceed 30°C temperature and 60% relative humidity.

It is recommended that LEDs out of their original packaging are IR-reflowed within 168hrs.

For extended storage out of their original packaging, it is recommended that the LEDs be stored in a sealed container with appropriate desiccant, or in a desiccator with nitrogen ambient.

LEDs stored out of their original packaging for more than 168hrs should be baked at about 60 deg C for at least 48 hours before solder assembly.

For unused component, we strongly suggest doing baking following above condition before go SMT assembly process (IR reflow) if the MBB had been opened over 168 hours to prevent MBB from not repacking well or environment moisture over standard required condition which might cause the LEDs function fail.

8.3. Cleaning

Use alcohol-based cleaning solvents such as isopropyl alcohol to clean the LEDs if necessary.

8.4. Lead Forming & Assembly

During lead forming, the leads should be bent at a point at least 2mm from the base of LED lens. Do not use the base of the lead frame as a fulcrum during forming. Lead forming must be done before soldering, at normal temperature. During assembly on PCB, use minimum clinch force possible to avoid excessive mechanical stress.

8.5. Soldering

When soldering, leave a minimum of 2mm clearance from the base of the lens/Holder to the soldering point. Dipping the lens/Holder into the solder must be avoided. Do not apply any external stress to the lead frame during soldering while the LED is at high temperature.

Recommended soldering conditions:

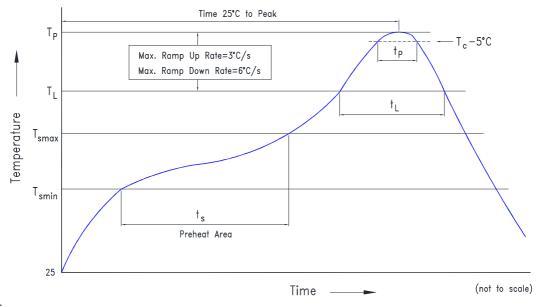
	Soldering iron	Wave soldering		
Temperature Soldering time Position	350°C Max. 3 seconds Max. (one time only) No closer than 2mm from the base of the epoxy bulb	Pre-heat Pre-heat time Solder wave Soldering time Dipping Position	120°C Max. 100 seconds Max. 260°C Max. 5 seconds Max. No lower than 2mm from the base of the epoxy bulb	



Through Hole Lamp LTLR1DEKVJNNH155T

Reflow				
Profile Feature	Conditions			
Preheat/Soak				
Temperature Min. (T _{smin})	150 ℃			
Temperature Max. (T _{smax})	200 ℃			
Time (t _s) from (T_{smin} to T_{smax})	100 seconds Max.			
Liquidous temperature (T _L)	217 ℃			
Time (t_L) maintained above T_L	60~150 seconds			
Peak temperature (T _P)*	250 ℃			
Specified classification temperature (T _c)	245 ℃			
Time (t_P) within 5 $^\circ\!{\rm C}$ of the temperature T_C	30 seconds Max.			
Time 25°C to peak temperature	5 minutes Max.			





Note:

ITEON[®]

OPTOELECTRONICS

- 1. Excessive soldering temperature and/or time might result in deformation of the LED lens or catastrophic failure of the LED.
- 2. Max temperature of wave soldering or IR-Reflow is not means that Holder's HDT/Melting temperature.
- 3. Clinch lead frame would cause stress and might catastrophic failure of the LED when stress at high temperature.

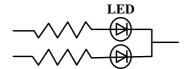


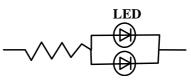
Through Hole Lamp LTLR1DEKVJNNH155T

8.6. Drive Method

An LED is a current-operated device. In order to ensure intensity uniformity on multiple LEDs connected in parallel in an application, it is recommended that a current limiting resistor be incorporated in the drive circuit, in series with each LED as shown in Circuit A below.

Circuit model (A)





Circuit model (B)

(A) Recommended circuit

(B) The brightness of each LED might appear different due to the differences in the I-V characteristics of those LEDs.

8.7. ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED.

Suggestions to prevent ESD damage:

- Use a conductive wrist band or anti- electrostatic glove when handling these LEDs
- All devices, equipment, and machinery must be properly grounded
- Work tables, storage racks, etc. should be properly grounded
- Use ion blower to neutralize the static charge which might have built up on surface of the LEDs plastic lens as a result of friction between LEDs during storage and handing
 Suggested checking list:

Training and Certification

8.7.1.1. Everyone working in a static-safe area is ESD-certified?

8.7.1.2. Training records kept and re-certification dates monitored?

Static-Safe Workstation & Work Areas

- 8.7.2.1. Static-safe workstation or work-areas have ESD signs?
- 8.7.2.2. All surfaces and objects at all static-safe workstation and within 1 ft measure less than 100V?
- 8.7.2.3. All ionizer activated, positioned towards the units?
- 8.7.2.4. Each work surface mats grounding is good?

Personnel Grounding

- 8.7.3.1. Every person (including visitors) handling ESD sensitive (ESDS) items wear wrist strap, heel strap or conductive shoes with conductive flooring?
- 8.7.3.1. If conductive footwear used, conductive flooring also present where operator stand or walk?
- 8.7.3.2. Garments, hairs or anything closer than 1 ft to ESD items measure less than 100V*?
- 8.7.3.3. Every wrist strap or heel strap/conductive shoes checked daily and result recorded for all DLs?
- 8.7.3.4. All wrist strap or heel strap checkers calibration up to date?

Note: *50V for Blue LED.

Device Handling

- 8.7.4.1. Every ESDS items identified by EIA-471 labels on item or packaging?
- 8.7.4.2. All ESDS items completely inside properly closed static-shielding containers when not at static-safe workstation?
- 8.7.4.3. No static charge generators (e.g. plastics) inside shielding containers with ESDS items?
- 8.7.4.4. All flexible conductive and dissipative package materials inspected before reuse or recycle?

Others

- 8.7.5.1. Audit result reported to entity ESD control coordinator?
- 8.7.5.2. Corrective action from previous audits completed?
- 8.7.5.3. Are audit records complete and on file?



Part No. : LTLR1DEKVJNNH155T BNS-OD-FC002/A4



Through Hole Lamp LTLR1DEKVJNNH155T

9. Reliability Test

Classification	Test Item	Test Condition	Sample Size	Reference Standard
	Operation Life	Ta = Under room temperature IF = per datasheet maximum drive current Test Time= 1000hrs	22 PCS (CL=90%; LTPD=10%)	MIL-STD-750D:1026 (1995) MIL-STD-883G:1005 (2006)
Endurance	High Temperature High Humidity storage	Ta = 60℃ RH = 90% Test Time= 240hrs	22 PCS (CL=90%; LTPD=10%)	MIL-STD-202G:103B (2002) JEITA ED-4701:100 103 (2001)
Test	High Temperature Storage	Ta= 105 ± 5℃ Test Time= 1000hrs	22 PCS (CL=90%; LTPD=10%)	MIL-STD-750D:1031 (1995) MIL-STD-883G:1008 (2006) JEITA ED-4701:200 201 (2001)
	Low Temperature Storage	Ta= -55 ± 5℃ Test Time= 1000hrs	22 PCS (CL=90%; LTPD=10%)	JEITA ED-4701:200 202 (2001)
	Temperature Cycling	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	22 PCS (CL=90%; LTPD=10%)	MIL-STD-750D:1051 (1995) MIL-STD-883G:1010 (2006) JEITA ED-4701:100 105 (2001) JESD22-A104C (2005)
	Thermal Shock	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	22 PCS (CL=90%; LTPD=10%)	MIL-STD-750D:1056 (1995) MIL-STD-883G:1011 (2006) MIL-STD-202G:107G (2002) JESD22-A106B (2004)
Environmental Test	Solder Resistance	T.sol = 260 ± 5 °C Dwell Time= 10 ± 1 seconds 3mm from the base of the epoxy bulb	11 PCS (CL=90%; LTPD=18.9%)	MIL-STD-750D:2031(1995) JEITA ED-4701: 300 302 (2001)
	Solderability	T. sol = 245 ± 5 °C Dwell Time= 5 ± 0.5 seconds (Lead Free Solder, Coverage $\geq 95\%$ of the dipped surface)	11 PCS (CL=90%; LTPD=18.9%)	MIL-STD-750D:2026 (1995) MIL-STD-883G:2003 (2006) MIL-STD-202G:208H (2002) IPC/EIA J-STD-002 (2004)
	Soldering Iron	T. sol = 350 ± 5℃ Dwell Time= 3.5 ± 0.5 seconds	11 PCS (CL=90%; LTPD=18.9%)	MIL-STD-202G:208H (2002) JEITA ED-4701:300 302 (2001)

10. Others

The appearance and specifications of the product may be modified for improvement, without prior notice.

11/11